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The Editors believe the papers included in this book will contribute to discussion on the subject matters covered. However, the contents of this book neither represent the views or opinions of the Editors nor of the organisation with which they are affiliated. The authors are exclusively responsible for the contents of their papers as well as propriety of any material used in this book.

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATION S

AGA Aerodromes and Ground Aids (section, of

ICAO)

ANS Air Navigation Systems

ATC Air Traffic Control

ATM Air Traffic Management

CAA Civil Aviation Authority

CSLA (US) Commercial Space Launch Act

CSOWG (UK CAA) Commercial Space Operations

**Working Group** 

EASA European Aviation and Safety Agency

EDA European Defence Agency
ESA European Space Agency

EU European Union

FAA (US) Federal Aviation Administration

FAA-AST (US) Federal Aviation Administration-Office of

**Commercial Space Transportation** 

FIRs Flight Information Regions

FL Flight level

HAPS High altitude platform systems

HTHL Horizontal takeoff / horizontal landing

IAASS International Association for the Advancement

of Space Safety

IADC Inter-Agency Space Debris Coordination

Committee

IASL (McGill University) Institute of Air and Space

Law

IASTA International Air Services Transit Agreement ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

ICJ International Court of Justice IFR Instrument Flight Rules

IMO International Maritime OrganizationISO International Standards Organization

ISS International Space Station

ITU International Telecommunication Union

JAA Joint Aviation Authorities

kg kilogramme(s)

LEO Low Earth Orbit

LIDAR Laser Interferometry Detection and Ranging

MTOW maximum take-off weight

NASA National Aeronautics and Space

Administration

NAS National Airspace System

NOTAM Notice to Airmen

OA Orbital aircraft
OST Outer Space Treaty

PAROS Prevention of an arms race in outer space

(UNGA resolution)

POC Point of Contact

REMAT Regulation of emerging modes of aerospace

transportation

RPA Remotely piloted aircraft

RPAS Remotely piloted aircraft systems

## **PREFACE**

any remarkable achievements have been made in the evolution of both air and space transportation systems over the last few decades. Space transportation systems continue their rapid technological and commercial development. The long-standing issue surrounding the international legal boundary between the

primarily the United States and former Soviet Union, and to avoid the appropriation of celestial bodies. A completely different reality existed at that time which differs greatly from the multitude of parties and organisations which operate in space today.

In 2006, the IAASS formed a working group called "An ICAO for Space?" to make the case for organising space on the ICAO model. It moved from the aforementioned considerations of intertwined operations (and common risks). First, space-bound and returning traffic often crosses international airspace under ICAO jurisdiction (i.e. the airspace above international waters); second, key

The main objectives of the Conference were to:

- (a) assess the current situation and future plans for aerospace transportation;
- (b) critically examine and identify precisely the regulatory challenges to operation of aerospace vehicles; and
- (c) suggest viable policy and regulatory steps (mechanisms) that may be considered by States and other stakeholders to facilitate aerospace transportation and to ensure the safety of global aviation.

At the Conference, it was agreed in principle that a Study Group under the lead of IAASS would be proposed to the ICAO Council to draft a manual which may in time become the forerunner of future standards and guidelines on commercial huma()102(h)-1(c)-8(.11)7((ms)-2(hc(i)--s)1(o)-l)-2rccialn

is currently undergoing discussion at ICAO and which may serve a paradigm shift beyond the traditional separation between air and space law. This section concludes with a contribution highlighting the Chinese perspective on the age-old matter of the delimitation between airspace and outer space, and the important matter of the right of passage through airspace which will no doubt be pertinent to emerging modes of aerospace transportation.

The book concludes with brief summaries of the discussions that took place during the two-day event, which serve to highlight the great interest, concerns and prospect for future discourse that the development aerospace transportation attracts.

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