## SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

## AN ENERGY ESTIMATE OF THE FLEXURAL BEHAVIOUR OF A CIRCULAR FOUNDATION EMBEDDED IN AN ISOTROPIC ELASTIC MEDIUM

A. P. S. SELVADURAI

Department of Civil Engineering, Carleton University, Ottawa, Canada

## INTRODUCTION

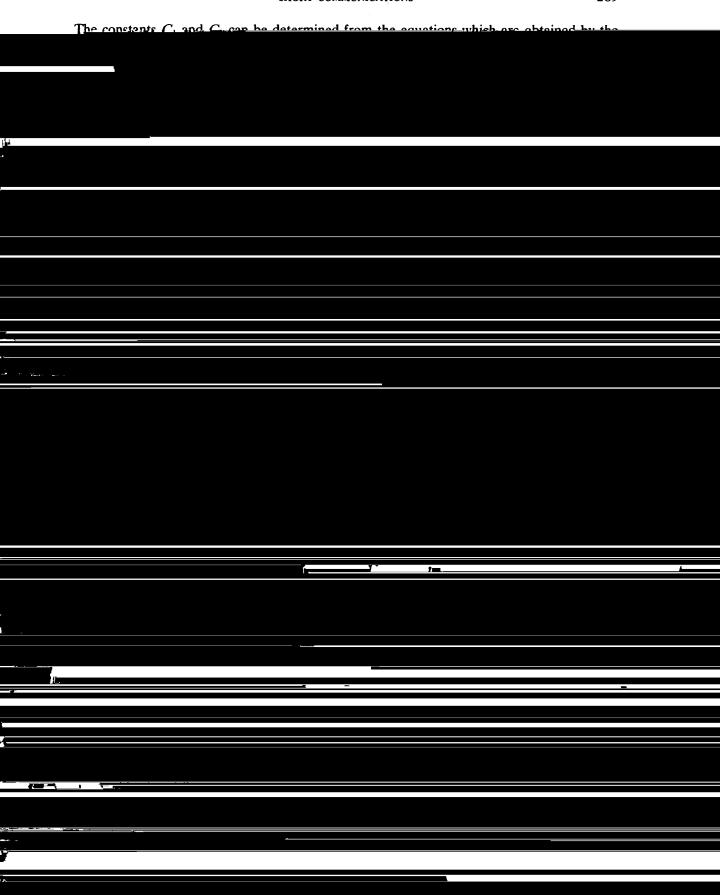
	INTRODUCTION
	The elastic analysis of circular plates embedded in soil and rock media is of importance to the
_	
	t.
	<u> </u>

minimization of the total potential energy functional. The general procedure outlined above is used to analyse the flexural behaviour of the circular foundation, the deflected shape of which is represented by a second-order parabolic curve. This particular deflected shape is assumed to represent, approximately, the flexural behaviour of a moderately rigid foundation (i.e., the relative rigidity of the soil foundation gustom is different from an infant and the soil foundation of the soil foundation of the soil foundation and the soil foundation of the soil foundation o

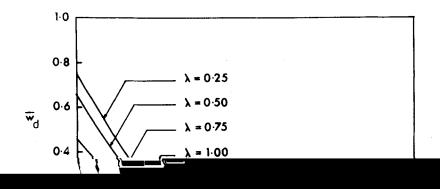
energy method, analytical expressions are derived for the deflection and the central flexural

The elastic strain energy of the circular plate subjected to the axisymmetric deflection w(r) is

	From the principle of stationary total potential energy we require	
		Pro-
7		
		· 5-1
i		
		_
<u> </u>		



	It may be noted that while the energy method provides an accurate estimate of the deflections of the foundation $w(r)$ , the accuracy with which $w(r)$ is able to predict the flexural moments in the foundation is, in general, considerably less (see e.g., Dym and Shames <sup>7</sup> ). Any inaccuracies that my the appears of the energy expression for $w(r)$ as defined by (16), are greatly magnified in
	that may be a sees in the energy supression for w(r) as defined by (16) are greatly magnified in
_	
-	
	<b>1</b> —
·	
7	



## <u>CONCLUSIONS</u>

',	
<del></del>	
· /	
Approximate the second of the	
*)s-	
) 'F	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
YE	